PH 102 / LeClair

## **Quiz 3: Electrical Energy**

Constant electric fields / capacitors:

 $\Delta V = |\vec{E}| |\Delta \vec{x}| \qquad \Delta P E = q \Delta V \qquad K E = \frac{1}{2} m v^2 \qquad Q = C \Delta V \qquad C = \frac{\epsilon_o A}{d}$ 

1. If you place a positively charged particle in an electric field, the charge will move

- $\Box$  from higher to lower electric potential and from lower to higher potential energy.
- $_{\Box}$  from higher to lower electric potential and from higher to lower potential energy.
- $\Box$  from lower to higher electric potential and from lower to higher potential energy.
- $_{\Box}$  from lower to higher electric potential and from higher to lower potential energy.

2. You have five capacitors, each with a rated value of  $C = 1 \times 10^{-6}$  F. What is the equivalent capacitance when they are all combined in parallel? In series?

**3.** Calculate the speed of a proton that is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of 130 V. The charge of a proton is  $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$  C, and its mass is  $m_p = 1.67 \times 10^{-27}$  kg.

4. Suppose that near the ground directly below a thundercloud, the electric field is of a constant magnitude of  $2.0 \times 10^4 \text{ V/m}$  and points upward. What is the potential difference between the ground and a point in the air, 50 m above ground?