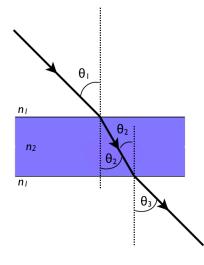
Quiz 7

$$n_1 \sin \theta_1 = n_2 \sin \theta_2$$

- 1. White light, made up of all visible wavelengths of light, is incident on a prism in the form of an equilateral triangle. The index of refraction of red light for the prism is **less** than that for blue light. Which color of light will exit the prism at a **larger** angle relative to the incident angle?
 - □ blue
 - $_{\square}$ red
 - \Box they will have the same angle
 - cannot be determined without knowing the incident angle
- 2. An object is placed to the left of a converging lens. Which of the following statements are true and which are false?
 - 1. The image is always to the right of the lens
 - 2. The image can be upright or inverted
 - 3. The image is always smaller or the same size as the object
 - \Box 1 and 2 are true, 3 is true
 - $_{\square}$ 2 and 3 are false, 1 is true
 - $_{\square}$ 1 and 3 are false, 2 is true
 - \Box 2 and 3 are true, 1 is false
- **3.** As light travels from a vacuum (n=1) to a medium such as glass (n>1), which of the following properties remains the same?
 - wavelength
 - wave speed
 - frequency
 - $_{\square}$ none of the above



- **4.** A light beam traveling through a transparent medium of index of refraction n_1 passes through a thick transparent slab with parallel faces and an index of refraction n_2 . Which expression correctly gives the angle θ_3 ?
 - $\sin^{-1}\left(n_1\sin\theta_2\right)$
 - $_{\Box}$ θ_{2}
 - $\sin^{-1}\left(n_2\sin\theta_2\right)$
 - $_{\Box}$ θ_{1}