## UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA Department of Physics and Astronomy

PH 106-4 / LeClair

Fall 2008

## Quiz 7: induction ...

1. A magnetic field of 0.3 T is directed perpendicular to the plane of a circular loop of wire of radius 25 cm. Find the magnetic flux through the area enclosed by this loop.

 $\square 2.3 \times 10^{-2}\,\mathrm{T}$ 

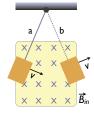
 $\square \ 7.1 \times 10^{-3} \, \mathrm{T}{\cdot}\mathrm{m}^2$ 

 $\square 4.8 \times 10^{-1} \, \mathrm{T}{\cdot}\mathrm{m}^2$ 

 $\square 5.9 \times 10^{-2} \, \mathrm{T} {\cdot} \mathrm{m}^2$ 

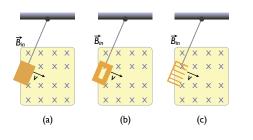
2. A magnet and a non-magnet of the same mass are dropped into copper tubes of equal length. Which takes longer to come out?

- □ The magnet.
- $\hfill\square$  The non-magnet.
- $\hfill\square$  It takes the same amount of time.



3. A flat metal plate swings at the end of a bar as a pendulum, as shown. When the pendulum is at position **a**, what are the directions of the induced currents and (magnetic) force on the bar, respectively?

- Counterclockwise; to the left
- $\Box$  Clockwise; to the left
- Counterclockwise; to the right
- □ Clockwise; to the right



- 4. Which pendulum experiences the largest (magnetic) force?
  - □ a
  - 🗆 b
  - □ c

□ they all experience the same force

	x		х		х		х		х	
×	₿in	×		x		×		x	V	x
	x		x		x		х		х	
x		x		x		x		х		х
	×		×		×		x		х	
x		x		x		x		x		x

5. A conducting bar slides on two fixed conducting rails with, a constant magnetic field pointing into the page. What are the directions of the induced current and the force on the bar, respectively?

- Counterclockwise; to the left
- □ Clockwise; to the left
- □ Counterclockwise; to the right
- □ Clockwise; to the right