

Formula sheet

$$g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\text{sphere } V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \quad A = 4\pi r^2$$

$$ax^2 + bx^2 + c = 0 \implies x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \theta_{ab}$$

$$\sin \theta \approx \theta \quad \cos \theta \approx 1 - \frac{1}{2}\theta^2 \quad \text{small } \theta$$

$$a_x = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta v_x}{\Delta t} \equiv \frac{dv_x}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dx}{dt} \right) = \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2}$$

$$\Delta v_x = \int_{t_i}^{t_f} a_x(t) dt \quad \Delta x = \int_{t_i}^{t_f} v_x(t) dt$$

$$x(t) = x_i + v_{x,i} t + \frac{1}{2} a_x t^2$$

$$v_x(t) = v_{x,i} + a_x t$$

$$v_{x,f}^2 = v_{x,i}^2 + 2a_x \Delta x$$

$$a_{x,\text{ramp}} = g \sin \theta$$

$$\Delta U^G = mg\Delta x$$

$$\frac{a_{1x}}{a_{2x}} = -\frac{m_2}{m_1}$$

$$E_{\text{mech}} = K + U \quad K = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$\Delta E = \Delta K + \Delta U = 0$ non-dissipative, closed

$$\Delta E = W$$

$$\Delta U_{\text{spring}} = \frac{1}{2}k(x - x_o)^2$$

$$P = \frac{dE}{dt}$$

$$P = F_{\text{ext,x}} v_x \quad \text{one dimension}$$

Rotation: we use radians

$$s = \theta r \quad \leftarrow \text{arclength}$$

$$\omega = \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{v_t}{r} \quad \alpha = \frac{d\omega}{dt}$$

$$a_t = \alpha r \quad \text{tangential}$$

$$a_r = -\frac{v^2}{r} = -\omega^2 r \quad \text{radial}$$

$$v_t = r\omega \quad v_r = 0$$

$$\Delta\Theta = \omega_i t + \frac{1}{2}\alpha t^2 \quad \text{const } \alpha$$

$$\omega_f = \omega_i + \alpha t \quad \text{const } \alpha$$

$$\Delta x = r\theta \quad v = r\omega \quad a = r\alpha \quad \text{no slipping}$$

$$I = \sum_i m_i r_i^2 \Rightarrow \int r^2 dm = cmr^2 \quad I = mr^2 \quad \text{point particle}$$

$$I_z = I_{\text{com}} + md^2 \quad \text{axis } z \text{ parallel, dist } d$$

$$\vec{L} = \vec{r} \times \vec{p} = I\vec{\omega} \quad L = I\omega = mvr$$

$$K = \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2 = L^2/2I$$

$$\Delta K = \frac{1}{2}I\omega_f^2 - \frac{1}{2}I\omega_i^2 = W = \int \tau d\theta$$

$$P = \frac{dW}{dt} = \tau\omega$$

$$\tau = rF \sin \theta_{rF} = r_\perp F = rF_\perp$$

$$\tau_{\text{net}} = \sum \vec{\tau} = I\vec{\alpha} = \frac{d\vec{L}}{dt}$$

$$K_{\text{tot}} = K_{\text{cm}} + K_{\text{rot}} = \frac{1}{2}mv_{\text{cm}}^2 + \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2$$

Oscillations:

$$T = \frac{1}{f} = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} \quad \omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} = 2\pi f$$

$$x(t) = A \sin(\omega t + \varphi_i) = A \sin \varphi(t)$$

$$v(t) = \frac{dx}{dt} = \omega A \cos(\omega t + \varphi_i)$$

$$a(t) = \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -\omega^2 A \sin(\omega t + \varphi_i) = -\omega^2 x(t)$$

$$\varphi(t) = \omega t + \varphi_i$$

$$a = -\omega^2 x = \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} \quad \frac{d^2\theta}{dt^2} = -\omega^2 \theta$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2 A^2$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{k/m} \quad \text{spring.}$$

$$T = \begin{cases} 2\pi\sqrt{m/k} & \text{spring} \\ 2\pi\sqrt{L/g} & \text{simple pendulum} \\ 2\pi\sqrt{l/mgl_{\text{cm}}} & \text{physical pendulum} \end{cases}$$

Derived unit	Symbol	equivalent to
newton	N	kg·m/s ²
joule	J	kg·m ² /s ² = N·m
watt	W	J/s = m ² ·kg/s ³

Moments of inertia of things of mass M

Object	axis	dimension	I
solid sphere	central axis	radius R	$\frac{2}{5}MR^2$
hollow sphere	central axis	radius R	$\frac{2}{3}MR^2$
solid disc/cylinder	central axis	radius R	$\frac{1}{2}MR^2$
hoop	central axis	radius R	MR^2
point particle	pivot point	distance R to pivot	MR^2
rod	center	length L	$\frac{1}{12}ML^2$
rod	end	length L	$\frac{1}{3}ML^2$
solid regular octahedron	through vertices	side a	$\frac{1}{10}ma^2$