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PH 105 LeClair

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Quiz 4: momentum and such

1. A rubber ball strikes a brick wall with a velocity (just before the collision) of $\vec{\mathbf{v}}_i = 3.0\hat{\imath} + 4.0\hat{\jmath} \text{ m/s}$. It rebounds with a velocity of $\vec{\mathbf{v}}_f = -3.0\hat{\imath} + 4.0\hat{\jmath} \text{ m/s}$, *i.e.*, the collision was perfectly elastic. What can be said about the change in momentum of the rubber ball?

- $\hfill\square$ The momentum \vec{p} did not change, since the collision was elastic.
- $\hfill\square$ The momentum \vec{p} changed direction, its magnitude is the same.
- \square The momentum $\vec{\mathbf{p}}$ decreased.
- \square The momentum $\vec{\mathbf{p}}$ increased.
- \square The question cannot be answered, we do not know the mass of the ball.

2. Which of the following is in error?

$$\vec{\mathbf{F}} = \frac{d\vec{\mathbf{p}}}{dt} \mathbf{K} = \frac{p^2}{2m} \vec{\mathbf{p}} = m \frac{d\vec{\mathbf{x}}}{dt} \Delta \vec{\mathbf{p}} = \int \vec{\mathbf{F}} \cdot d\vec{\mathbf{r}}$$

3. A 60 kg person standing on a frictionless surface fires a 0.5 kg arrow horizontally at 50 m/s. With what velocity does the archer move backwards across the ice after firing the arrow?

 $\label{eq:varcher} \begin{array}{l} \square \ \nu_{archer} = +0.42 \, \mathrm{m/s} \\ \square \ \nu_{archer} = -0.42 \, \mathrm{m/s} \\ \square \ \nu_{archer} = -0.84 \, \mathrm{m/s} \\ \square \ \nu_{archer} = +0.84 \, \mathrm{m/s} \end{array}$

4. A ball of mass m is dropped from rest at a height h. What is the magnitude of the ball's momentum just before impact?

□ 2mgh

- □ m√gh
- $\square m\sqrt{2gh}$
- $\Box \sqrt{2mgh}$